DEFINITION: THE NATURAL EMOTIONAL RESPONSE TO THE LOSS OF A CHERISHED IDEA, PERSON, OR THING.

DENIAL (Isolation)

- A. Powerlessness
- B. Psychological Buffer (defense)-protects knowledge or awareness of thoughts or feelings that you are not ready to deal with mentally, emotionally, or spirituality
- C. Denial of Reality
 - 1. The more you have depended on the last object, the stronger your denial
- 2. ANGER (Self-Disappointment, Self-Hatred)
 - A. Anger over loss and not being able to find it
 - 1. Regrets
 - B. Can become destructive if not expressed in healthy ways
 - Out of control anger = rage, violence
 - 2. Held in, stuffed anger out of control physical illness
 - a. anger turned inward toward self = Depression.
 - b. Despair, suicide
- 3. BARGAINING (Postponing the inevitable. Attempt to control the uncontrollable)
 - A. "What If's" and "If Only"
 - B. Desperate attempt to regain control
 - C. Keeps you from facing reality
 - D. Destructive if one gets stuck here
- DEPRESSION (Sorrow, Despair)
 - A. Anger channeled back into self, turned inward against self
 - B. Response typically associated with grief but actually only one part of the whole process
 - 1. Tears, funerals, wakes allow you to be sad
 - Trapped (stuck) sorrow = self-pity leads to destructive behavior
 - Can be immobilizing = total helplessness
 - 4. Crying is a good way to express sorrow. It washes away sadness. Heals, Is a sign of strength when used as part of the grieving process, but if stuck crying can become a chronic behavior which does not effectively promote grieving

5. ACCEPTANCE

- A. Final goal with achieving resolution of grief
- B. Belief that it is possible to heal and recover
- C. Surrender to reality
- D. Recognition of responsibility = ACTION